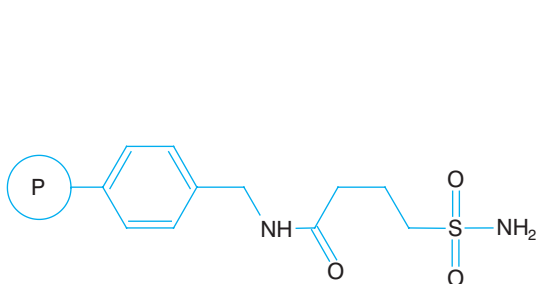


PL-SABu Resin

PL-SABz Resin



Description

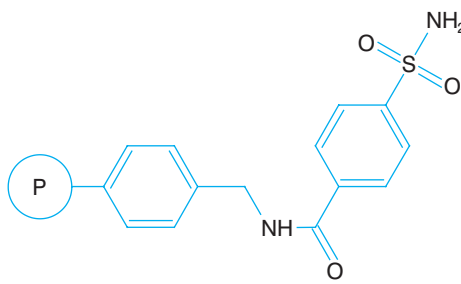
Sulfamylbutyric acid AMS resin

Synonyms

None

Applications

Carboxylic acids can be coupled to the sulfamyl group of the linker. If the carboxylic acid to be attached contains electron withdrawing groups, the sulfamylbutyryl product should be the resin of choice. The sulfonamide derivative is stable to both basic and nucleophilic reagents until the linker is activated. Diazomethane or iodoacetonitrile can be used to activate the linker so that nucleophilic cleavage can now occur. Unlike Kenner's original resin which was derived from sulfonated polystyrene, PL-SABz Resin is derived from attachment of the sulfamylbenzoic acid linker to PL-AMS Resin for a more consistent loading.

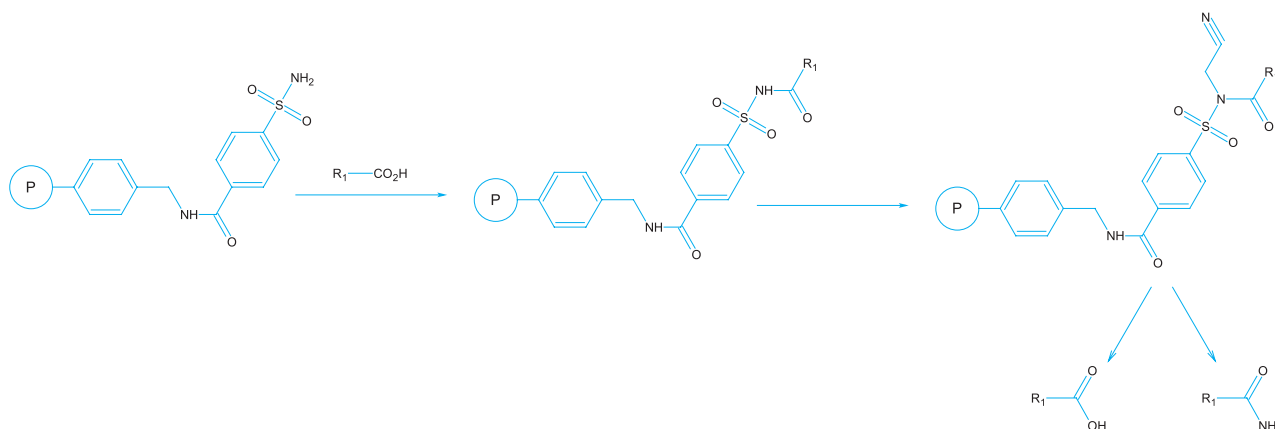


Description

Sulfamylbenzoic acid AMS resin

Synonyms

Kenner's safety catch linker



References

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Products Information

Microporous

PL-SABu Resin

1.5mmol/g 150-300 μ m (50-100 mesh)

PL-SABz Resin

1.4mmol/g 150-300 μ m (50-100 mesh)